

Originally aired on April 12, 2022



#### **About this Webcast Recap**

On Aprl 12, 2022, Deputy CIO Jeffrey Sherman and Portfolio Manager Jeffrey Mayberry held a Smart Beta webcast titled, "Baseball, Elections, Taxes, America, Soccer: Not all BETAS are Equal in 2022" that discussed the DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced CAPE® (DSEX/DSENX), DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced International CAPE® (DSEUX/DLEUX), DoubleLine Real Estate and Income Fund (DBRIX/DLREX) and DoubleLine Multi-Asset Trend Fund (DBMOX/DLMOX). This recap is not intended to represent a complete transcript of the webcast. It is not intended as solicitation to buy or sell securities. If you are interested in hearing more of Mr. Sherman's and Mr. Mayberry's views, please listen to the full version of this webcast on www.doublelinefunds.com and click on the "Webcasts" tab under "Latest Webcast."

Shiller Enhanced CAPE® (%)									
		Annualized							
Month-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception	Gross
April 30, 2022	1 Month	3 Months	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(10-31-13 to 4-30-22)	<b>Expense Ratio</b>
I-share (DSEEX)	-5.97	-6.40	-10.91	-1.82	12.49	12.79	-	14.30	0.56
N-share (DSENX)	-5.99	-6.47	-11.00	-2.07	12.20	12.51	-	14.01	0.81
S&P 500® Index	-8.72	-8.17	-12.92	0.21	13.85	13.66	-	12.75	
CAPE® U.S. Sector TR Index <sup>2</sup>	-5.47	-4.19	-8.47	0.97	13.97	13.73	-	14.28	
						Aı	nnualized		
Quarter-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception	
March 31, 2022	1 Month	1Q2022	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(10-31-13 to 3-31-22)	
I-share (DSEEX)	2.24	-5.26	-5.26	10.96	16.42	14.67	-	15.28	
N-share (DSENX)	2.22	-5.32	-5.32	10.69	16.13	14.39	-	15.00	
S&P 500® Index	3.71	-4.60	-4.60	15.65	18.92	15.99	-	14.11	
CAPE® U.S. Sector TR Index <sup>2</sup>	3.52	-3.18	-3.18	13.26	17.66	15.46	-	15.19	

Shiller Enhanced International CAPE®	(%)									_
				Annualized					Gross	Net
Month-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception	<b>Expense</b>	Expense
April 30, 2022	1 Month	3 Months	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(12-23-16 to 4-30-22)	Ratio	Ratio <sup>1</sup>
I-share (DSEUX)	-4.27	-7.69	-9.58	-3.57	9.00	7.25	-	8.74	0.95	0.66
N-share (DLEUX)	-4.21	-7.74	-9.64	-3.81	8.74	6.99	-	8.48	1.20	0.91
MSCI Europe Net Return USD Index <sup>2</sup>	-5.75	-8.51	-12.69	-6.69	4.88	4.93	-	6.95		
						Ann	ualized			
Quarter-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception		
March 31, 2022	1 Month	1Q2022	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(12-23-16 to 3-31-22)		
I-share (DSEUX)	-1.28	-5.54	-5.54	5.05	11.43	8.50	-	9.79		
N-share (DLEUX)	-1.38	-5.67	-5.67	4.70	11.14	8.22	-	9.51		
MSCI Europe Net Return USD Index <sup>2</sup>	-0.10	-7.37	-7.37	3.51	8.23	6.92	-	8.27		

Performance data quoted represents past performance; past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Current performance of the fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Performance data current to the most recent month-end may be obtained by calling (213) 633-8200 or by visiting www.doublelinefunds.com.

The performance information shown assumes the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. <sup>1</sup> The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and reimburse expenses through July 31, 2022. <sup>2</sup> Reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes. Net expense ratios are applicable to investors.



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DoubleLine Real Estate & Income Fur	nd <sup>1</sup> (%)									
						Ann	nualized		Gross	Net
Month-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception	Expense	Expense
April 30, 2022	1 Month	3 Months	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(12-17-18 to 4-30-22)	Ratio	Ratio <sup>2</sup>
I-share (DBRIX)	-4.54	-3.94	-12.43	8.66	8.60	-	-	11.55	0.66	0.64
N-share (DLREX)	-4.62	-3.99	-12.54	8.37	8.43	-	-	11.35	0.98	0.89
Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT TR Index	-4.65	-1.84	-8.18	12.48	8.24	-	-	11.01		
						Ann	nualized			
Quarter-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception		
March 31, 2022	1 Month	1Q2022	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(12-17-18 to 3-31-22)		
I-share (DBRIX)	5.96	-8.27	-8.27	24.60	10.02	-	-	13.45		
N-share (DLREX)	6.00	-8.30	-8.30	24.31	9.87	-	-	13.26		
Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT TR Index	6.71	-3.71	-3.71	27.72	9.90	-	-	12.92		

						Ann	ualized		Gross	Net
Month-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception	Expense	Expen
April 30, 2022	1 Month	3 Months	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(2-26-21 to 4-30-22)	Ratio	Ratio
I-share (DBMOX)	2.64	8.42	6.69	10.05	-	-	-	9.06	0.80	0.74
N-share (DLMOX)	2.62	8.36	6.60	9.79	-	-	-	8.80	1.05	0.99
Credit Suisse Managed Futures Liquid	6.67	18.24	21.11	16.50	-	-	-	18.55		
TR USD Index										
				Annualized						
Quarter-End Returns			Year-to-					Since Inception		
March 31, 2022	1 Month	1Q2022	Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	(2-26-21 to 3-31-22)		
l-share (DBMOX)	5.68	3.94	3.94	9.12	-	-	-	7.18		
				0.05				C 02		
N-share (DLMOX)	5.65	3.88	3.88	8.85	-	-	-	6.93		

Performance data quoted represents past performance; past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Current performance of the fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Performance data current to the most recent month-end may be obtained by calling (213) 633-8200 or by visiting www.doublelinefunds.com.

The performance information shown assumes the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and expenses through February 26, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and reimburse expenses through July 31, 2022. Net expense ratios are applicable to investors.

#### **DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced CAPE® Structure**

- The structure of DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced CAPE® (DSEEX) (the "Fund") allows investors to simultaneously access returns of the U.S. large-cap equity and global fixed income markets.
  - For example, an investor allocates \$100,000 to the Fund, which is invested in an actively managed short- to intermediateduration fixed income portfolio utilizing DoubleLine's Fixed Income Asset Allocation (FIAA) process.
  - Simultaneously, the Fund enters into an unfunded total return swap agreement to gain \$100,000 of notional exposure to the Shiller Barclays CAPE® U.S. Sector Total Return Index (the "Index").
    - The Index employs sector rotation within the 11 GICS sectors of the S&P 500 Index and provides long exposure to four relatively undervalued sectors of the U.S. equity market.
- Although the Fund employs both equity and fixed income components, it is not a balanced fund. The risk profile should be similar to long-only U.S. equity market exposure.
  - The goal of the Fund is to outperform the S&P 500, net of fees, over a full market cycle.

#### **DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced International CAPE® Structure**

- The structure of DoubleLine Shiller Enhanced International CAPE® (DSEUX) (the "Fund") allows investors to simultaneously access returns of the European equity and global fixed income markets.
  - For example, an investor allocates \$100,000 to the Fund, which is invested in an actively managed short- to intermediateduration fixed income portfolio utilizing DoubleLine's FIAA process.
    - This fixed income portfolio has the same objective and a similar composition to the fixed income collateral portfolio of DSEEX.
  - Simultaneously, the Fund enters into an unfunded total return swap agreement to gain \$100,000 of notional exposure to the Shiller Barclays CAPE® Europe Sector Net Total Return Index (the "Index").
    - The Index employs sector rotation within the 10 GICS sectors of the MSCI Europe Index and provides long exposure to four relatively undervalued sectors of the European equity market.
- Although the Fund employs both equity and fixed income components, it is not a balanced fund. The risk profile should be similar to long-only European equity market exposure.
  - The goal of the Fund is to outperform the MSCI Europe, net of fees, over a full market cycle.

#### **DoubleLine Real Estate and Income Fund Structure**

- The structure of the DoubleLine Real Estate and Income Fund (DBRIX) (the "Fund") allows investors to simultaneously access performance of the real estate investment trust (REIT) sector and global fixed income markets.
  - For example, an investor allocates \$100,000 to the Fund, which is invested in an actively managed short- to intermediateduration fixed income portfolio utilizing DoubleLine's FIAA process.
    - This fixed income portfolio has the same objective as the fixed income collateral portfolios of DSEEX and DSEUX.
  - Simultaneously, the Fund enters into an unfunded total return swap to gain \$100,000 of notional exposure to the DigitalBridge Fundamental US Real Estate Index.
- Although the Fund employs both REIT and fixed income components, this is not a balanced fund. The risk profile should be similar to that of a long-only REIT market position.
  - The goal of the Fund is to outperform the Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT Index, net of fees, over a full market cycle.

#### **DoubleLine Multi-Asset Trend Structure**

- The structure of the DoubleLine Multi-Asset Trend Fund (DBMOX) (the "Fund") allows investors to simultaneously access returns of a multi-asset trend strategy and global fixed income markets.
  - For example, an investor allocates \$100,000 to the Fund, which is invested in an actively managed short- to intermediateduration fixed income portfolio utilizing DoubleLine's FIAA process.
    - This fixed income portfolio has the same objective as the fixed income collateral portfolios of DSEEX, DSEUX and DBRIX.
  - Simultaneously, the Fund enters into an unfunded total return swap to gain \$100,000 of notional exposure to the BNP Paribas Multi-Asset Trend Index (the "Index").
- The Index, using a momentum signal, optimizes long and short exposures within a diversified basket of global assets.
  - The goal of the Fund is to outperform the Credit Suisse Managed Futures Liquid Total Return USD Index, net of fees, over a full market cycle.

#### **Broadly Diversified Investment Universe: 58 Underlying Markets**

- The BNP Paribas Multi-Asset Trend Index (the Index) uses futures to take either long or short positions in 58 underlying markets, including equities, credit, currencies, commodities and interest rates, based on a daily assessment of the underlying price momentum of each asset.
  - The Index utilizes a three-step methodology:
    - Dynamic Allocation: The Index uses futures across 58 markets to access a broad range of assets. The Index's ability to include long and short positions increases the Index's agility, especially during times of market volatility.
    - Investment Process: The Index's systematic process is based on a proprietary methodology that has been extensively stress-tested, including an innovative approach in the estimation of the expected returns using historical price action.
    - Risk Management: Risk controls are integral to the Index construction process. Position limits as well as index-volatility targeting assist in managing downside risk. The Index uses daily reconstruction to ensure high reactivity and robustness.
- Since the Fund's launch on February 26, 2021 through April 11, 2022, it has exhibited, on average, roughly half the volatility of the S&P 500 with a correlation of 0.16. When compared to the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index, the Fund has exhibited roughly twice the volatility with a correlation of 0.07.

#### **REITs Might Behave More Like Real Property Than Equities**

- REITs have exhibited a higher long-term correlation to real property price increases than to the S&P 500.
- REITs currently look attractive when comparing their historical returns to the S&P 500, even after posting outperformance in the 2021 calendar year.
- Similar to the underperformance of value versus growth names over the last several years in the European and U.S. equity markets, U.S. REITs have underperformed the S&P 500.
  - There has been a slight rebound with REITs outperforming the S&P 500 since the beginning of 2021, but the longer-term underperformance of REITs versus the S&P 500 could position REITs attractively versus the S&P 500 moving forward.
- REITs are a traditional value sector, and the relative CAPE® ratio indicates that it is one of the cheapest sectors of the 11 S&P 500 GICS sectors, as evidenced by the real estate sector's inclusion in DSEEX as of March 31, 2022.

#### Index Based Upon a Differentiated, Fundamental Approach (DBRIX)

- The DoubleLine Real Estate and Income Fund utilizes the DigitalBridge Fundamental US Real Estate Index (the "Index"). In constructing the Index, DigitalBridge used a quality over value approach to allocate capital, recognizing that traditional factor analysis is less applicable to equity REITs than to other sectors of the equity market.
  - Common valuation measures like price-to-book ratio aren't as applicable to REITs, as the book value of the assets that REITs own are essentially a function of the age of the asset.
  - This is also true for price-to-earnings (P/E) ratios, as noncash depreciation is a large expense within the REIT market.
  - Similar to corporate credit risk, higher-yielding REITs typically signal lower quality.
    - This could either be due to the quality of assets, the amount of leverage on the balance sheet or simply a poorly managed property set.
  - Size matters in REIT investing. Unlike the traditional equity markets, where small-cap companies have historically outperformed large-cap companies, the opposite tends to hold true for REITs. Due to factors such as overhead and property management, there tends to be a significant benefit from economies of scale behind REIT operations.

#### **DigitalBridge Index Selection Process and Construction**

- The DigitalBridge Capital Fundamental US Real Estate Index (the "Index") takes a rules-based approach that is applied and
  rebalanced on a quarterly basis to narrow the publicly traded REIT universe of over 200 constituents by excluding REITs that offer
  less relative value as identified by DigitalBridge's methodology.
  - The Index identifies the subuniverse by filtering the investable universe by excluding mortgage REITs, REITs with a market cap below \$1 billion and REITS with liquidity below \$5 million based on one-month average daily trading volume.
  - DigitalBridge's expertise is key in the next step of the process, which excludes the least attractive REITs based on four fundamental factors:
    - Quality: Excludes the highest-yielding REITs.
    - Profitability: Excludes the least profitable REITs.
    - Leverage: Excludes the most leveraged REITs.
    - Valuation: Excludes the most expensive REITs.
  - The remaining REITs are then weighted by market capitalization, subject to concentration and diversification limits, to derive the Index's composition.
    - The top four constituents are each subject to a max 10% market-cap weighting.
    - All other constituents are capped at 5% of market weight.
    - The Index will invest in a minimum of 25 REITs.

#### **DBRIX Fixed Income Portfolio Characteristics**

- The DBRIX fixed income collateral portfolio is managed with the same objective as the DSEUX and DSEEX fixed income portfolios. Due to the smaller size of DBRIX, the portfolio currently has exposure to fewer sectors.
- The portfolio's credit quality is roughly 96% investment grade (IG) with its credit-sensitive exposure gained through U.S. IG corporate bonds, commercial mortgage-backed securities and collateralized loan obligations.
- Since inception on Dec. 17, 2018, DBRIX has outperformed its benchmark by 102 basis points (bps per) annum through April 11, 2022.

#### CAPE® Ratio – U.S. Equity Market

- The CAPE® ratio is a valuation metric, similar to a P/E ratio, that aims to adjust for variations in the business cycle and provide investors with some inference about future long-term rates of return.
- As of March 31, the CAPE® ratio of the S&P 500 was 35.7, which is below the all-time high of 47.1 back in the early 2000s.
  - o The long-term average CAPE® ratio going back to 1981 is 24.3.
- Within the U.S. equity market, value stock investing has significantly underperformed growth stock investing since the Global Financial Crisis, as the ratio of value stocks versus growth stocks is 0.52, near its all-time low.

#### Shiller Barclays CAPE® U.S. Sector Total Return Index Sector-Selection Rules

- The Shiller Barclays CAPE® U.S. Total Return Index (the "Index") employs a rules-based, systematic approach that was developed by Professor Robert Shiller in partnership with Barclays Capital.
- The Index's rules-based systematic approach begins by applying Professor Shiller's valuation methodology to calculate the CAPE® ratio for each of the 11 sectors of the S&P 500.
  - The CAPE® ratio uses the current price of the sector divided by 10 years of inflation-adjusted average earnings for that sector.
- The Index then calculates the relative CAPE® ratio, comparing the current CAPE® ratio of each sector to its 20-year average. This indicates how each sector's valuation compares relative to its history.
  - This step normalizes CAPE® ratios across sectors to account for the idiosyncratic differences inherent in each sector's valuation multiple and provide a metric to compare valuation among sectors.
- The Index then ranks each sector based on its relative CAPE® ratio and selects the five sectors with the lowest relative ratio.
- Strategies constructed using fundamental valuation metrics might incorporate constituents that are undervalued due to legitimate fundamental reasons, i.e., a "value trap."
  - In an attempt to avoid the value trap, the Index applies a momentum filter to the five most undervalued sectors. The filter
    eliminates the sector with the lowest trailing 12-month return, which in this environment is the sector with the least positive
    return.
- This monthly process results in four equally weighted (25% each) sectors.
- The four sectors the Index had exposure to as of March 31, 2022 were: financials, healthcare, real estate and consumer staples.
  - Historically, the Index has rotated between growth and value tilts while not being tied to any singular growth or value sector.
- Since the launch of DSEEX on Oct. 31, 2013, through March 31, 2022, the Index has outperformed its benchmark, the S&P 500, by 133 bps per annum.
  - This performance figure does not include the returns of the actively managed fixed income portfolio.

#### **DSEEX Fixed Income Portfolio Characteristics**

- The DSEEX fixed income collateral portfolio is a multisector, short- to intermediate-duration portfolio managed by DoubleLine's FIAA Committee.
- The objective of the portfolio is to outperform cash over a full market cycle. The team tries to achieve this objective by seeking the best relative value in fixed income markets while maintaining a duration between one and three years.
  - Given this objective and the current market environment, the portfolio had a bias toward securitized credit and a duration of 1.17 years as of March 31, 2022.
  - Securitized credit can be shorter-duration assets that tend to outyield other parts of the traditional fixed income market.
    - Most securitized credit securities amortize so the portfolio receives a portion of principal and interest payment on a monthly basis that leads to the securities having a lower duration.
  - The portfolio is diversified across several other fixed income asset classes, including corporate credit, Agency mortgagebacked securities, U.S. Treasuries and U.S. dollar-denominated emerging markets debt.
  - As of March 31, 2022:
    - · Duration of 1.17 years
    - Approximately 77% in IG securities
- The DoubleLine FIAA Committee gradually shifts sector allocations over time based on relative valuation, which is demonstrated by the DSEEX portfolio's historical allocations.
  - For example, in 2015, the committee decided to reduce U.S. high yield (HY) corporate exposure to zero after having a roughly 7.4% weighting to begin the year. Subsequently, U.S. HY corporates experienced significant price volatility in late 2015 and 2016.
- Since the inception of DSEEX on Oct. 31, 2013, through March 31, 2022, the fixed income collateral portfolio has outperformed one-month LIBOR by 176 bps per annum.

#### **European Equities Look Attractive Relative to U.S. Equities**

- The CAPE® ratio of the MSCI Europe can be used as a proxy to assess the attractiveness of the European equity market.
- In the late '90s, U.S. and European CAPE® ratios peaked near the same level. Over the past decade, however, U.S. equity valuations have become more expensive relative to European equity valuations.
  - As of March 31, the European CAPE® at 22.3 is well below the U.S. CAPE® at 35.7. In DoubleLine's view, this not only signifies
    that European equities are cheaper but that the potential for earnings to grow into the current European CAPE® exceeds the
    potential for U.S. equities to grow into their CAPE® ratio.
  - In DoubleLine's view, an allocation to European equities might provide investors with cheaper exposure to global equity markets as compared to U.S. equities.
- European equities have lagged in performance relative to U.S. equities since the Global Financial Crisis, as relative performance is near its all-time low when evaluating the performance of the MSCI Europe Net Total Return Index versus the S&P 500.

#### Shiller Barclays CAPE® Europe Sector Net Total Return Index Sector-Selection Rules

- The methodology for the Shiller Barclays CAPE® Europe Sector Net Total Return Index (the "Index") follows similar selection rules as the Shiller Barclays CAPE® U.S. Sector Total Return Index.
  - The difference is the investable universe, which includes the 10 sectors of the MSCI Europe versus the 11 sectors of the S&P 500.
  - The four sectors the Index had exposure to as of March 31, 2022 were: healthcare, financials, telecommunications and consumer staples.
- Since the launch of DSEUX on Dec. 23, 2016 through April 11, 2022, the Index has outperformed its benchmark, the MSCI Europe, by 243 bps per annum.
  - This does not include the performance of the actively managed fixed income portfolio.

#### **DSEUX Fixed Income Portfolio Characteristics**

- The DSEUX fixed income collateral portfolio is managed with the same objective as the DSEEX fixed income portfolio. As a result, the portfolios have very similar characteristics:
- The objective of the DSEUX portfolio is to outperform cash over a full market cycle. The team tries to achieve this objective by seeking the best relative value in fixed income markets while maintaining a duration between one and three years.
  - Given this objective and the current market environment, the portfolio had a bias toward securitized credit and a duration of 1.14 years as of March 31, 2022.
  - Securitized credit can be shorter-duration assets that tend to outyield other parts of the traditional fixed income market.
    - Most securitized credit securities amortize so the portfolio receives a portion of principal and interest payment on a monthly basis that leads to the securities having a lower duration.
  - The portfolio is diversified across several other fixed income asset classes, including corporate credit, Agency mortgage-backed securities, U.S. Treasuries and U.S. dollar-denominated emerging markets debt.
- Since the launch of DSEUX on Dec. 23, 2016 through March 31, 2022, the fixed income collateral portfolio has returned 2.14% gross per annum.



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#### **Index Definitions and Terms**

**Agency** – Mortgage securities whose principal and interest are guaranteed by a U.S. government agency such as Fannie Mae (FNMA) or Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

Basis Points (BPS) – Basis points (or basis point (bp)) refer to a common unit of measure for interest rates and other percentages in finance. One basis point is equal to 1/100th of 1%, or 0.01% or 0.0001, and is used to denote the percentage change in a financial instrument. The relationship between percentage changes and basis points can be summarized as: 1% change = 100 basis points; 0.01% = 1 basis point.

**Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index** – This index ("the Agg") represents securities that are SEC registered, taxable and dollar denominated. It covers the U.S. investment grade, fixed-rate bond market, with components for government and corporate securities, mortgage pass-through securities and asset-backed securities. These major sectors are subdivided into more specific indexes that are calculated and reported on a regular basis.

BNP Paribas Multi-Asset Trend Index — This index has been designed to seek investment exposure to trends in price movements of a broad universe of assets across different markets, including domestic, foreign and emerging markets equities; sovereign bonds and other debt securities; interest rates; currencies; and commodities (e.g., energy and metals). The index was selected, in significant part, because it reflects trend-following strategies using a broadly diversified set of investments.

Collateralized Loan Obligation (CLO) - Single security backed by a pool of debt.

**Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)** – Securitized loans made on commercial rather than residential properties.

**Correlation** – A statistical measurement of the relationship between two variables. Possible correlations range from +1 to -1. A zero correlation indicates no relationship between the variables; -1 indicates a perfect negative correlation; +1 indicates a perfect positive correlation.

Credit Suisse Managed Futures Liquid Total Return USD Index — This index measures on a total return, U.S. dollar-denominated basis the performance of the Credit Suisse Managed Futures Liquid Index, which is designed to provide exposure to both up and down price trends in four broad asset classes: equities, fixed income, commodities and currencies.

Cyclically Adjusted Price-to-Earnings (CAPE®) Ratio — This ratio measures valuation by using real earnings per share (EPS) over a 10-year period to smooth out fluctuations in corporate profits that occur during different periods of a business cycle. It is also known as the "Shiller P/E ratio" for Yale University Dr. Robert Shiller, who popularized its use.

**DigitalBridge Fundamental US Real Estate Index** – This rules-based index incorporates fundamental criteria originally developed by DigitalBridge Global Inc. (which was then doing business under a different name). It is rebalanced and reconstituted quarterly by applying a systematic methodology to the universe of real estate investment trusts (REITs).

Dow Jones U.S. Select Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Index — This index tracks the performance of publicly traded REITs and REIT-like securities. It is designed to serve as a proxy for direct real estate investment, in part by excluding companies whose performance might be driven by factors other than the value of real estate.

**Duration** – Measure of the sensitivity of the price of a bond or other debt instrument to a change in interest rates.

Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) — Hierarchical industry classification system, created by Morgan Stanley Capital International and S&P Dow Jones Indices in 1999, comprising four tiers going from broadest to narrowest to classify companies by industry: sectors, industry groups, industries and subindustries. The 11 GICS sectors are: energy, materials, industrials, consumer discretionary, consumer staples, healthcare, financials, information technology, real estate, communication services and utilities.

**Growth Stock** — Any share in a company that is anticipated to grow at a rate significantly above the average growth for the market. These stocks generally do not pay dividends. This is because the issuers of growth stocks are usually companies that want to reinvest any earnings they accrue in order to accelerate growth in the short term. When investors invest in growth stocks, they anticipate that they will earn money through capital gains when they eventually sell their shares in the future.

High Yield (HY) — Bonds that pay higher interest rates because they have lower credit ratings than investment grade (IG) bonds. HY bonds are more likely to default, so they must pay a higher yield than IG bonds to compensate investors.

**Investment Grade (IG)** – Rating that signifies a municipal or corporate bond presents a relatively low risk of default. Bonds below this designation are considered to have a high risk of default and are commonly referred to as high yield (HY) or "junk bonds." The higher the bond rating the more likely the bond will return 100 cents on the U.S. dollar.

**London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR)** – Indicative average interest rate at which a selection of banks, known as the "panel banks," are prepared to lend one another unsecured funds on the London money market.



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Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) Europe Index – This index is U.S. dollar denominated and represents the performance of large- and mid-cap equities across 15 developed countries in Europe. It covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) Europe Net Total Return Index – This index is a component of the MSCI Europe Index and measures performance on a net total return basis.

**Price-to-Book (P/B) Ratio** – Used by companies to compare a firm's market capitalization to its book value. It's calculated by dividing the company's stock price per share by its book value per share (BVPS). An asset's book value is equal to its carrying value on the balance sheet, and companies calculate it netting the asset against its accumulated depreciation.

Price-to-Earnings (P/E) Ratio – This ratio for valuing a company measures current share price relative to earnings per share (EPS). The P/E ratio is also sometimes known as the "price multiple" or the "earnings multiple." A high P/E ratio could mean that a company's stock is overvalued, or investors are expecting high growth rates in the future.

**S&P 500 Index** – This unmanaged capitalization-weighted index of the stocks of the 500 largest publicly traded U.S. companies is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of the 500 stocks, which represent all major industries.

Shiller Barclays CAPE® Europe Sector Net Total Return Index (European CAPE Index) – The index incorporates the principles of long-term investing distilled by Dr. Robert Shiller and expressed through the CAPE® (Cyclically Adjusted Price Earnings) Ratio (the "CAPE® Ratio"). The classic CAPE® Ratio assesses equity market valuations and averages 10 years of inflation-adjusted earnings to account for earnings and market cycles.

Shiller Barclays CAPE® U.S. Sector Total Return Index — This index that incorporates the principles of long-term investing distilled by Dr. Robert Shiller and expressed through the CAPE® (Cyclically Adjusted Price Earnings) Ratio (the "CAPE® Ratio"). It aims to identify undervalued sectors based on a modified CAPE® Ratio, and then uses a momentum factor to seek to mitigate the effects of potential value traps.

Value Stock – Shares of a company that appear to trade at a lower price relative to its fundamentals, such as dividends, earnings or sales, making it appealing to value investors.

It is not possible to invest in an index.

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credit risk, prepayment risk, possible liquidity and default as well as increased susceptibility to adverse economic developments. Investments in foreign securities, which involve political, economic, and currency risks, greater volatility, and differences in accounting methods. These risks are greater for investments in emerging markets. The Fund may use certain types of exchange traded funds or investment derivatives. Derivatives involve risks different from, and in certain cases, greater than the risks presented by more traditional investments. Derivatives may involve certain costs and risks such as liquidity, interest rate, market, credit, management and the risk that a position could not be closed when most advantageous. Investing in derivatives could lose more than the amount invested. ETF investments involve additional risks such as the market price trading at a discount to its net asset value, an active secondary trading market may not develop or be maintained, or trading may be halted by the exchange in which they trade, which may impact a fund's ability to sell its shares. The Fund may use leverage which may cause the effect of an increase or decrease in the value of the portfolio securities to be magnified and the fund to be more volatile than if leverage was not used.

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